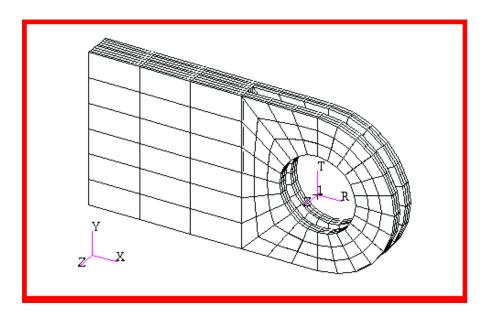
LESSON 4

Loads and Boundary Conditions on a 3-D Clevis



Objectives:

- Apply constraints to your model.
- Create and apply a **Field** to describe a spatially varying load.

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4-2

Model Description:

LESSON 4

In this exercise you will create a loading condition and a constraint set for the clevis model. The base of the lug will be clamped. The hole will be loaded downward with a quadratically varying load $F_y = -100(1-x^2)$ generated from a vector field.

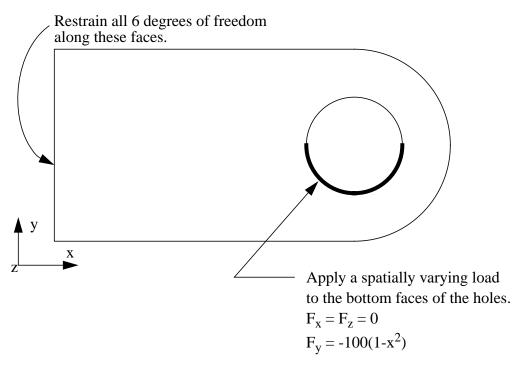


Figure 4-1

Suggested Exercise Steps:

- Open the database, **Clevis.db**.
- Create a spatially varying vector field named Quadratic_load, using the vector components described in the figure above.
- Create a nodal displacement boundary condition named Clamped, which restrains all degrees of freedom. Apply it to the geometry faces shown in the figure above.
- Create a force boundary condition named Vertical_load, which uses the Quadratic_load field. Apply it to the solid faces along the bottom half of the holes.
- Display both the displacement and force on the finite element model.

4-3

Exercise Procedure:

1. Open the database, Clevis.db..

File/Open...



Clevis.db

2. Create a spatially varying vector field named **Quadratic_load**, using the vector components described in Figure 4-1.

♦ Fields	
Action:	Create
Object:	Spacial
Type:	PCL Function
Field Name:	Quadratic_load
Field Type:	Vector
Second Component:	-100*(1-'X**2)
Apply	

3. Create a nodal displacement boundary condition named **Clamped**, which restrains all degrees of freedom. Apply it to the geometry faces shown in Figure 4-1.

◆ Load/BCs	
Action:	Create
Object:	Displacement
Method:	Nodal
New Set Name: Input Data	Clamped
Translation < T1 T2 T3 >	< 0, 0, 0>
Rotations < T1 T2 T3 >	< 0, 0, 0>
ОК	

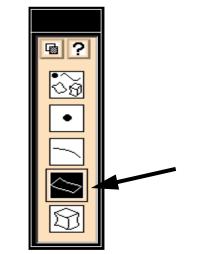


Geometry Filter:

LESSON 4

♦ Geometry

Next, click on the Surface icon in the Select Menu as shown below



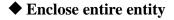
To prepare for the application of loads and boundary conditions, you need to orient the model to facilitate cursor picking. Click on the **Front View** icon from the *Main Form*.



In order to assure accurate and efficient picking, PATRAN offers various picking prferences. Here these preferences will be changed to best aid the picking to be made in the next step.

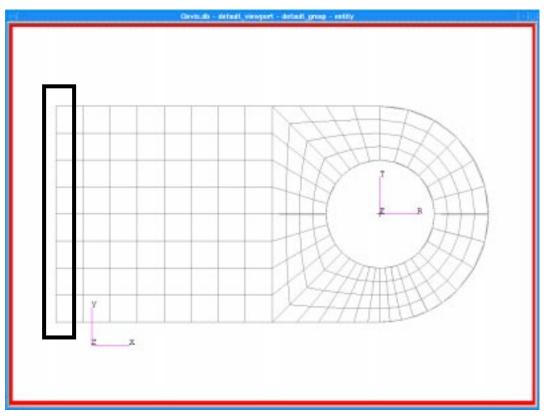
Preferences/Picking...

Rectangle/Polygon Picking:



Close





Use the rectangle selection technique (click and drag) to choose the application region for the constraint.

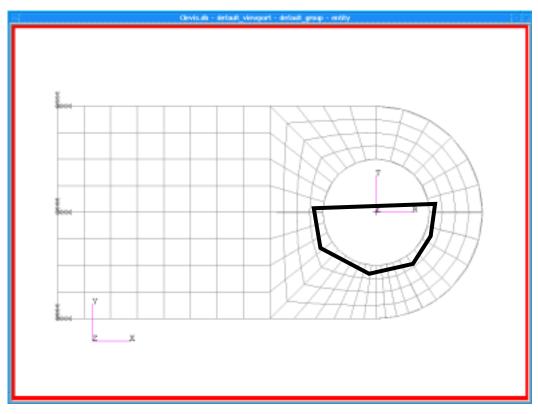
Add	
ОК	
Apply	

4. Create an applied load named **Vertical_load**, which uses the **Quadratic_load** field. Apply it to the solid faces along the bottom half of the holes.

◆ Load/BCs Action: Create Object: Force Method: Nodal New Set Name: Vertical_load Input Data...

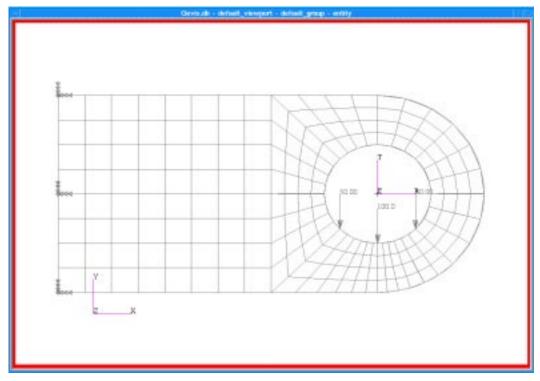
ESSON 4	Loads and B/C's on a 3-D Clevis		
	Force <f1 f2="" f3=""></f1>	Quadratic_load	
5	Select Application Region		

Be sure that the **Surface** icon is still highlighted in the *Select Menu*. Click in the *Select Geometry Entities* databox, and select the surfaces for the load. Use the polygon pick method to select the solid faces that bound the bottom half of the holes, as shown in the figure below.



Add
OK
Apply

4-7



Vector markers indicating the applied load will appear as shown in the figure below.

5. Display both the displacement and force on the finite element model..

Display/Load/BC/Elem. Props...

Show on FEM Only

Apply
Cancel

♦ Load/BCs

Action:

Plot Markers

Assigned Load/BCs Sets:

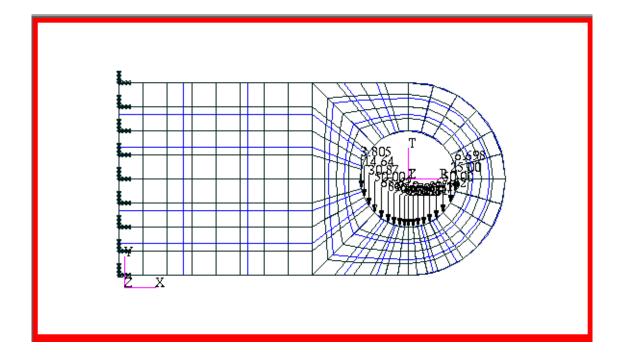
Displ_Clamped Force_Vertical_Load

Select Groups:

default_group

Apply

The loads and constraints should now be displayed at the nodal locations as shown below (orientation of the constraint arrows may vary).



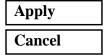
To turn off the values:

Display/Load/BC/Elem. Props...

□ Show LBC/El. Prop Values

Vectors/Filters...

■ Scaled-Model Relative



Quit MSC/PATRAN when you are finished with this exercise.