## LESSON 2

## Importing Geometry from an IGES file



## Objectives:

Import geometry from an IGES file.

- Create a solid from curves and surfaces.
- Tet mesh the solid.


## Model Description:

In this exercise you will first create a new database and then import CAD geometry. The CAD geometry, which is in an IGES format, consists of several trimmed and simple surfaces. Note that the file you import is actually a one-quarter model of the object. By taking advantage of the symmetry of the model, the analysis is simplified. Once this IGES file is imported, you will create several new surfaces to complete the model. Then you will create a b-rep solid and tet mesh it.

Shown below is a drawing of the model you will be building and suggested steps for its construction.


## Suggested Exercise Steps:

- Create a new database and name it gadget. db.
- Set new model preference tolerance to Based on Model with an Approximate Maximum Model Dimension of 70. Set the analysis code to MSC/NASTRAN.
- Import the IGES file Gadget. igs.
- Using the Viewing/Named View Option and Viewing/

Transformations, change the orientation of the model to better visualize it in 3D space.

- Set MSC/PATRAN Display Lines to zero.
- Turn off all of the ID labels.
- Verify the boundaries using Geometry/Verify/Surface/Boundaries.
- Create Surfaces 18, 19, 20 and 21 using Create/Surface/Curve. See previous figure for the locations of the surface edges to use as the curves.
- Create Curve 1, using Autochain. See the previous figure.
- Create Surface 21 using Create/Surface/Trimmed.
- Show surface normals using Show/Surface/Attributes and edit them using Edit/Surface/Reverse so that all are pointing out from the volume.
- Create Solid 1 using Create/Solid/B-rep.
- Mesh the solid with a tet mesh, using Finite Elements/Create/Mesh/ Solid. Use a Global Edge Length of 10 and the TetMesh mesher.


## Exercise Procedure:

## Open a New

 Database1. Create a new database and call it gadget. Set the geometric tolerance to Based on Model. The Approximate Maximum Model Dimension is 70. Choose MSC/ NASTRAN as the Analysis Code and Structural as the Analysis Type.

File/New...
New Database Name:
gadget
OK

In the New Model Preference form set the following:

## Tolerance:

## Approximate Maximum

Model Dimension:
Analysis Code:
Analysis Type:

## Based on Model

70

MSC/NASTRAN
Structural

## OK

2. Import the IGES file Gadget.igs.

File/Import...
Import an IGES file

## Object:

Source:
Import File:

| Model |
| :--- |
| IGES |
| Gadget.igs |

## Apply

Click OK on the IGES Import Summary form when you are finished reviewing it.

If the model is not visible, hold down the middle mouse button and move the mouse slightly. The model should appear in your viewscreen.
3. Use the Viewing/Named View Options command to change the display to the front view.

Viewing/Named View Options...

Select Named View:
Default_View

## Close

Or click on the Front_Viewicon in the toolbar


Now rotate the model -150 degrees about the $x$-axis and -60 degrees about the y-axis. After activating the Transformation form, click the icons corresponding to the desired transformation. Unless the options are changed, each click rotates the model 30 degrees.

## Viewing/Transformations...



Rotation about global X axis. Click five times.

Rotation about global Y axis. Click twice.

## OK

This view provides a clear view of the surfaces you will be working with. Save this view using Viewing/Named View Options.

## Viewing/Named View Options...

## Create View...

Create View:

## my_view

| Apply |
| :--- |
| Close |

```
$# Created view "my_view".
ga_view_create("my_view","default_viewport")
ga_view_sr_set(30.,0,0)
```

The model should now look like the one below:

4. Check for any missing surface on the solid model.

Display/Entity Color/Label/Render...
Render Styles:
Apply

By changing the model into a shaded image, you should be able to see the following missing surfaces:


Change the model back to Wireframe.
Render Styles:
Wireframe
Apply
Cancel
5. Next check that the solid model is composed completely of bounded surfaces.

## Geometry

Action:
Object:
Method:

| Verify |
| :--- |
| Surface |
| Boundary |

Select the entire model by clicking near the top left corner of the model. While holding the left button down, move it to the lower right corner. It will draw a rectangle around your model. When you release the button the entire model will turn orange.

Surface List:
Surface 1:17
Apply

The following will be written to the history box.

Zoom in using Select Corners

Also, you can click on the Select Corners icon in the toolbar.


A cross-shaped icon will now appear. Put it near the upper left corner and click the left mouse button. Hold the button down and slide the cursor to about the lower middle of the model. This rectangle defines the area to be zoomed into.


Your viewport should appear as follows

7. Create a new surface. This surface is defined by 2 curves that are edges of other surfaces.

Create
SurfaceCurve Method

Select the icon shown below from the Select Menu. To screen pick the surface edges, first click on the Curve List input box, then click on the center of the surface edge.


[^0]Surface 9.1
Surface 10.1

Note: The format for surface edges is $i . j$, where $i$ is the surface ID and $j$ is the edge number.


If the Auto-Execute toggle is activated, the surface will form automatically. If it is not, you need to click on Apply.
\$\# 1 Surface Created: Surface 18
sgm_const_surface_2curve("18","Surface 10.1","Surface 9.1 ",sgm_surface_2curve_created STRING sgm_surface_2curve_created_ids[VIRTUAL]

Repeat this procedure to form surface 19.

Starting Curve List:
Ending Curve List:

Surface 2.3
Surface 9.3

## Apply


8. Change the view to facilitate easier construction of the next two surfaces.

Viewing/Fit View...

Viewing/
Select
Corners
option

## Viewing/Select Corners...

Or click on these two icons in the toolbar.


Fit View


Zoom in on the area shown below by clicking the left mouse button in the upper left corner of the area you wish to enlarge, holding it down, and dragging it to the lower right corner.

9. Now create Surface 20 by selecting the edges highlighted in the previous figure.

## Geometry

Action:
Object:
Method:
Option:

Starting Curve List:
Ending Curve List:

| Create |
| :---: |
| Surface |
| Curve |
| 2 Curve |

## Surface 1.8

Surface 12.3
10. Again we have to change the view to facilitate construction in the next step. Use Viewing/Fit View, then Viewing/Select Corners as in the previous step to zoom in on the area shown below.

Create one curve from six surface edges using Autochain. Begin the curve with Surface 1.6, shown in the next figure, and proceed counterclockwise.

## Geometry

Action:
Object:
Method:
Auto Chain...


Once you have selected the starting curve, Patran selects an adjacent curve and marks it with a purple dot in the center of the curve. If that is the next curve in the desired chain, select OK. If it is not, select Next until the desired curve or surface edge is selected. Make sure the Auto Execute button is off.


Select a Start Curve:
Surface 1.6

## Apply

Next

Choose Curve to Continue:


Choose Curve to Continue:

## OK

Next
Choose Curve to Continue:

| OK |
| :--- |
| Next |
| Choose Curve to Continue: |

OK
Choose Curve to Continue:

## OK

Cancel

## Surface 13.1

## Surface 6.2

$$
\text { Surface } 15.3
$$

Surface 14.5
Surface 16.4
$\square$

A chain is automatically created when a closed loop is formed.

## Create

## Trimmed

Surface
11. The next surface to be created is outlined by the curve just drawn.

## Geometry

| Action: | Create |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object: | Surface |
| Method: | Trimmed |
| Option: | Planar |

Screen pick the curve just created. You may need to turn on the label for the curves.

## Display/Entity Color/Label/Render...

Curve
$\Gamma$ Label

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| Apply |
| :--- |
| Cancel |

In the Geometry form, to screen pick the curve, point to the identification number. Alternatively, you could type in Curve 1 in the data box. If you choose to screen pick the curve, make sure the curve icon in the select menu is selected.

Outer Loop List:

## Curve 1

## Apply

Respond with affirmative to delete the original curves.

| 12. Check again that the solid model is completely bounded |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| by surfaces. |  |
|  | Verify |
| Gurface |  |

Action:
Verify

Object:
Method:


Use Viewing/Fit View to show the entire model. Click in the Surface List data box. Select the entire model by clicking near the top left corner of the model. While holding the left button down, move it to the lower right corner. It will draw a rectangle around your model. When you release the bottom, the entire model will turn orange.

Surface List:
Surface 1:21
Apply

This time you should see no markers on the surface edges. Therefore, the surfaces represent all the faces of the enclosed volume.
13. We have verified that all the surfaces fully enclose a

## Create B-rep solid

 volume. Now create a B-rep solid.A B-Rep Solid is a Patran solid that stands for Boundary Representation. When a group of surfaces creates a completely enclosed volume and there are no free edges(cracks between the surfaces) Patran can build the B-Rep.

## Geometry

Action:
Object:
Method:

| Create |
| :---: |
| Solid |
| B-rep |

After clicking in the Surface List databox select the Surface icon and screen select the entire model.


Surface List:
Surface 1:21
If Auto Execute is on, the solid will be created automatically.

## TetMesh the <br> Solid

14. Mesh the solid with a tet mesh.

Object:
Type:
Global Edge Length:
Mesher:
Mesh

Solid
10
TetMesh

Click in the Input List databox then the Solid icon in the select menu and screen select the entire model.

Input List:
Solid 1

## Apply

\$\# === 813 elements created. IDs = 1:813.
\$\# === 259 nodes created. IDs = 1:259.
\$\# 259 nodes and 813 elements created for Solid 1.
15. Close database and quit MSC/PATRAN to complete this exercise.


[^0]:    Starting Curve List:
    Ending Curve List:

