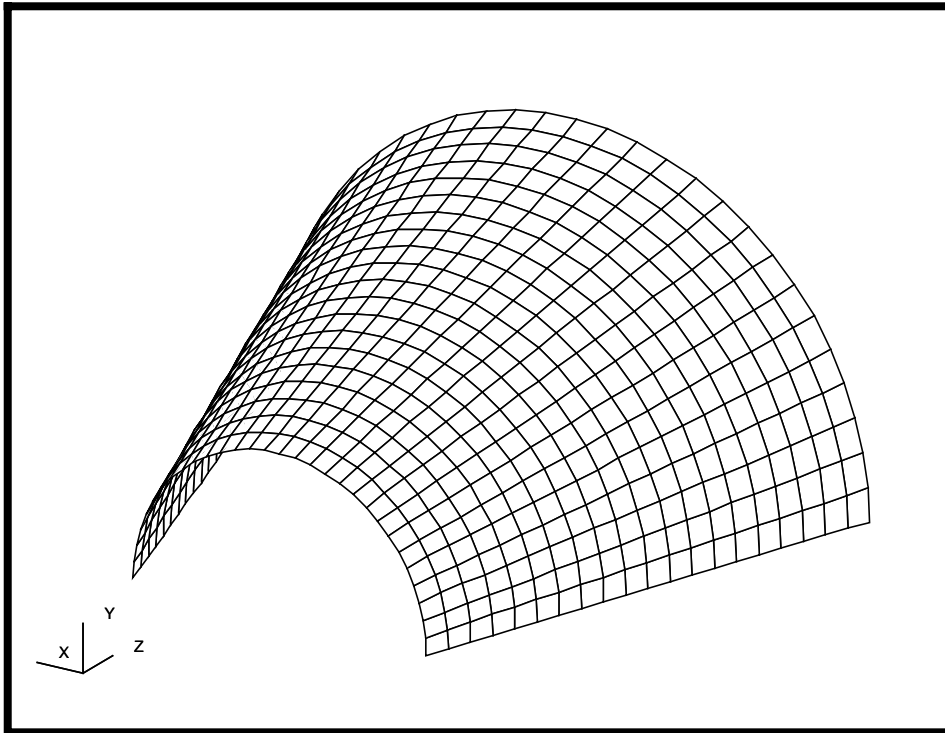


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## LESSON 13

# *Cylinder with T-Beam Stiffeners*



### **Objectives:**

- Create a cylinder and apply loads.
- Use the beam library to add stiffeners to the cylinder.



**Exercise Procedure:**

1. Open a new database. Name it **nozzle**.

Type **p3** in your xterm. The *Main Window* and *Command Window* will appear.

**File/New ...**

*New Database Name:*



The viewport (PATRAN's graphics window) will appear along with a *New Model Preference* form. The *New Model Preference* sets all the code specific forms and options inside MSC/PATRAN.

*Tolerance:*

*Analysis Code:*

*Analysis Type:*



2. Create a cylindrical coordinate frame.

**◆ Geometry**

*Action:*

*Object:*

*Method:*

*Type:*



3. Create the geometry.

**◆ Geometry**

*Action:*

*Object:*

*Method:*

|                                 |                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Refer. Coordinate Frame:</i> | select new system |
| <i>Vector Coordinates List:</i> | <10, 0, 30>       |
| <i>Origin Coordinates List:</i> | [10, 0, 0]        |
| <b>Apply</b>                    |                   |

|                     |                |
|---------------------|----------------|
| <i>Action:</i>      | <b>Create</b>  |
| <i>Object:</i>      | <b>Surface</b> |
| <i>Method:</i>      | <b>Revolve</b> |
| <i>Total Angle:</i> | <b>12</b>      |
| <i>Curve List:</i>  | select curve   |

The function autoexecutes. Now, change the view by selecting the following toolbar icon:

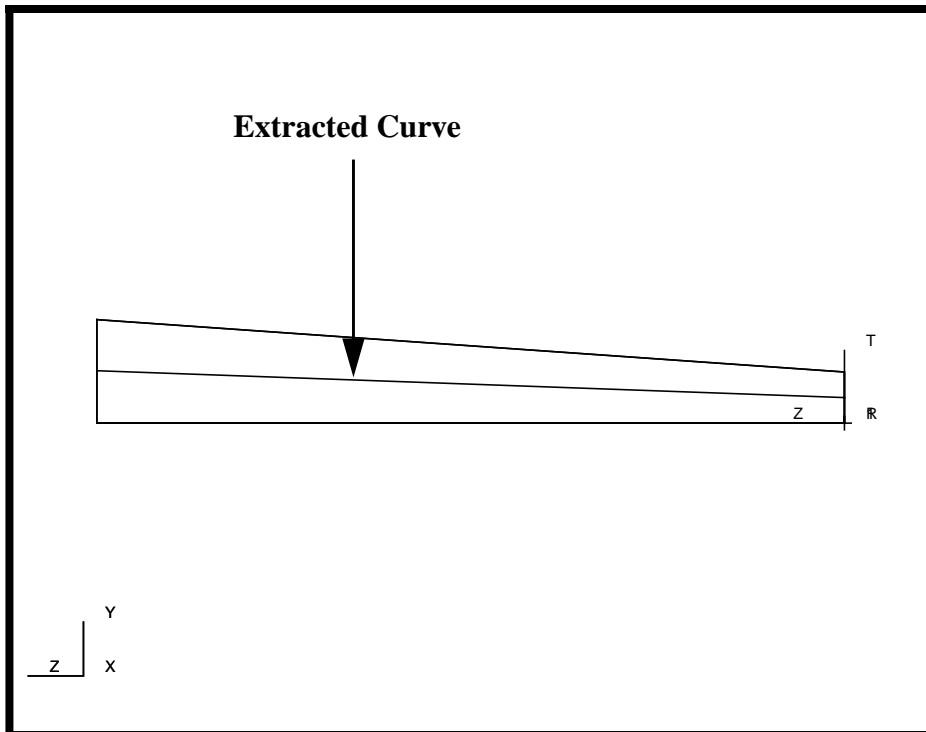


**Right Side View**

- Extract a curve down the middle of the model and scale it to 90%.

|                            |                      |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Action:</i>             | <b>Create</b>        |
| <i>Object:</i>             | <b>Curve</b>         |
| <i>Method:</i>             | <b>Extract</b>       |
| <i>Option:</i>             | <b>Parametric</b>    |
| <i>Curve Direction:</i>    | ◆ <b>u Direction</b> |
| <i>v Parametric Value:</i> | <b>0.5</b>           |
| <i>Surface List:</i>       | select surface       |

The function autoexecutes.



*Action:*

**Create**

*Object:*

**Point**

*Method:*

**Extract**

◆ **Equal Arc Length**

*u Parametric Value:*

**0.5**

*Curve List:*

select extracted curve

The function autoexecutes and creates a point in the center of the extracted curve. To better see where this point is located, turn on labels using the following toolbar icon:



*Action:*

**Transform**

*Object:*

**Curve**

*Method:*

**Scale**

*Origin of Scaling:*

select extracted point

*Scale Factor:*

**0.9, 1.0, 0.9**

■ **Delete Original Curves**

*Curve List:*

select extracted curve

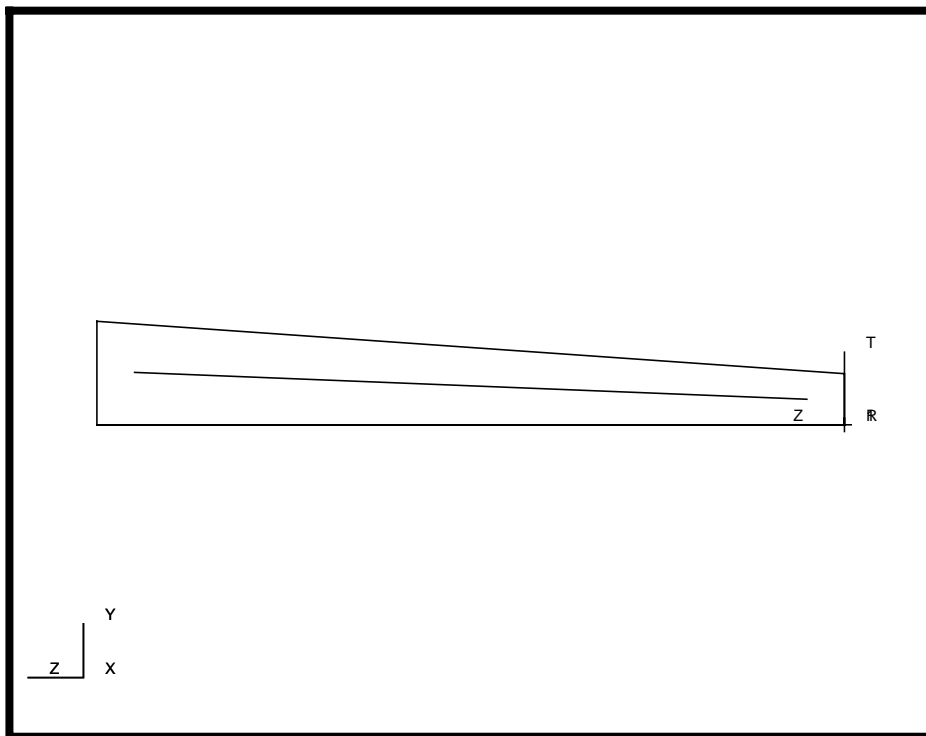
The function autoexecutes. When prompted if you wish to delete the original curves, respond with:

**Yes**

Clean up the display using the following icons:



**Refresh Graphics    Hide Labels**



5. Associate the curve to the surface.

*Action:*

**Associate**

*Object:*

**Curve**

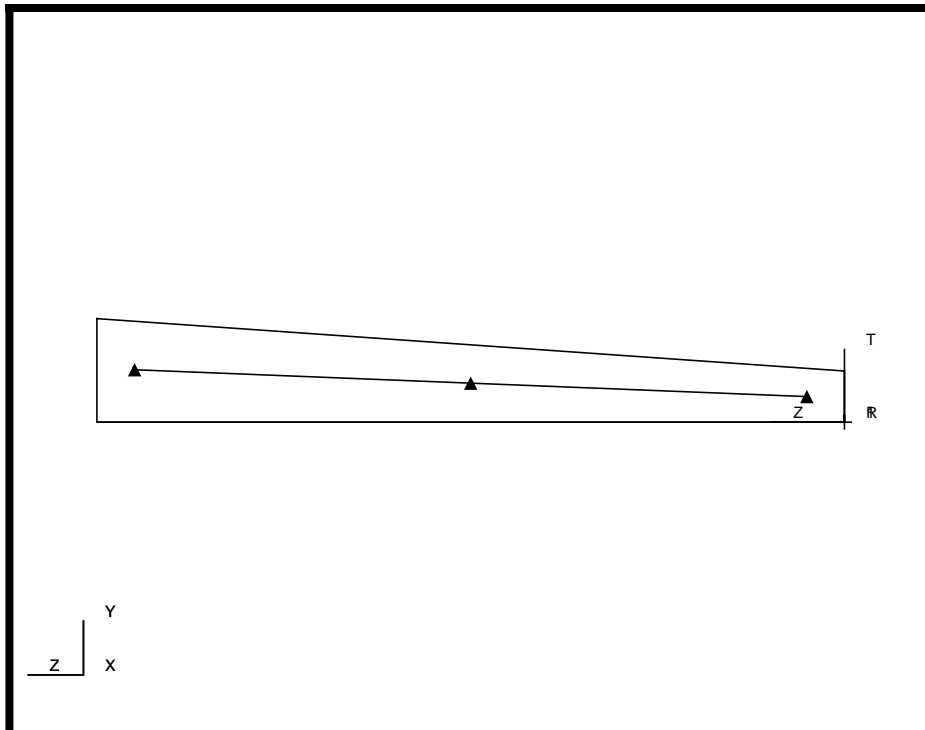
*Method:***Surface***Curve List:*

select extracted curve

*Surface List:*

select surface

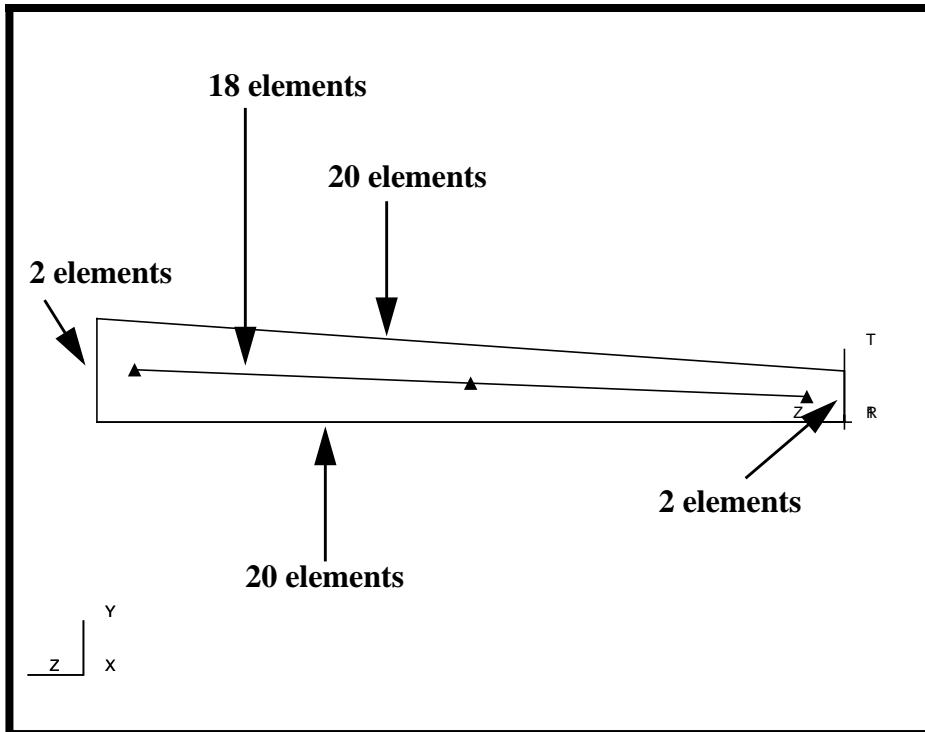
The function autoexecutes. The curve is now associated with the surface, as indicated by the triangle.



6. Mesh the model.

◆ **Finite Elements**

*Action:***Create***Object:***Mesh Seed***Type:***Uniform***Number of Elements:***18**



*Curve List:*

select associated curve

**Apply**

*Number of Elements:*

**2**

*Curve List:*

shift click to select  
left and right edge

**Apply**

*Number of Elements:*

**20**

*Curve List:*

shift click to select  
top and bottom edge

**Apply**

*Action:*

**Create**

*Object:*

**Mesh**

*Type:*

**Surface**

*Global Edge Length:*

**4**



Mesher:

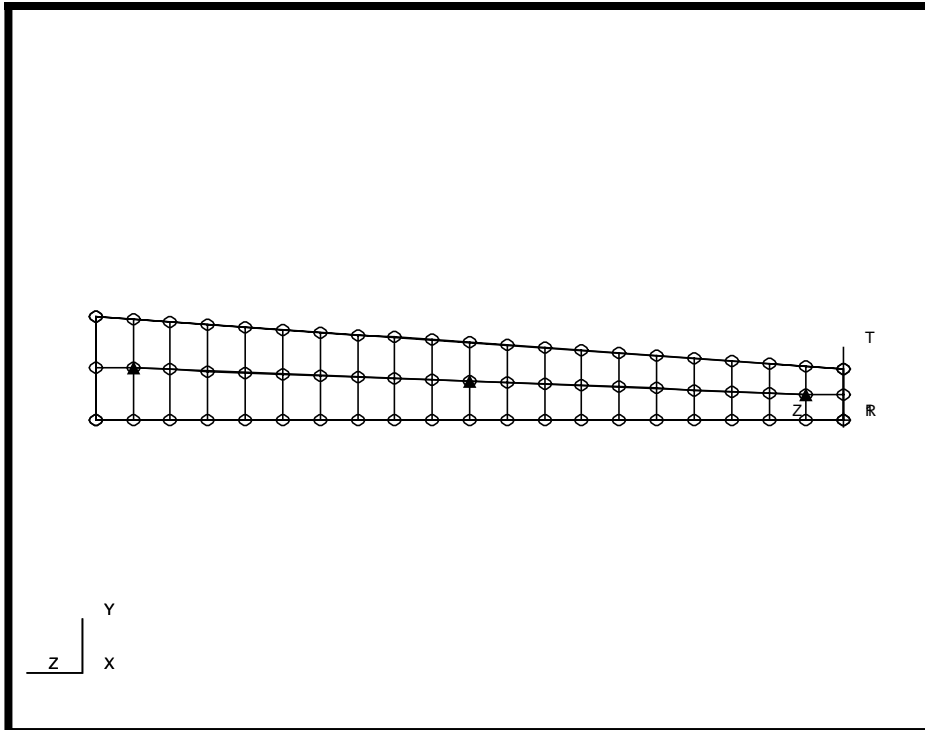
◆ Paver

Surface List:

select surface

**Apply**

The model should now be meshed as follows:



7. Create the material **alum**.

◆ **Materials**

Action:

**Create**

Object:

**Isotropic**

Method:

**Manual Input**

Material Name:

**alum**

**Input Properties...**

Elastic Modulus:

**10.0E6**

Poisson's Ratio:

**0.3**

---

*Density:*

8. Create two fields to be used for the model. One will represent the thickness, and the other will be used to apply a sinusoidally varying pressure.

First, create the field **thickness**.

◆ **Fields**

*Action:*

*Object:*

*Method:*

*Field Name:*

*Field Type:* ◆ **Scalar**

*Coord. System Type:* ◆ **Real**

*Coordinate System:*

*Scalar Function ('R 'T 'Z):*

Now, create the field **edge\_load**.

*Action:*

*Object:*

*Method:*

*Field Name:*

*Field Type:* ◆ **Scalar**

*Coord. System Type:* ◆ **Real**

*Coordinate System:*

*Scalar Function ('R 'T 'Z):*

9. Create the element properties for both the cylinder and the T-beam stiffener.

First, create a 2D shell property called **plate** for the cylinder.

◆ **Properties**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <i>Action:</i>                                     | <input type="text" value="Create"/>         |
| <i>Dimension:</i>                                  | <input type="text" value="2D"/>             |
| <i>Type:</i>                                       | <input type="text" value="Shell"/>          |
| <i>Property Set Name:</i>                          | <input type="text" value="plate"/>          |
| <input type="button" value="Input Properties..."/> |   |
| <i>Material Name:</i>                              | <input type="text" value="alum"/>           |
| <i>Thickness:</i>                                  | <input type="text" value="f:thickness"/>    |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/>                  |   |
| <i>Select Members:</i>                             | <input type="text" value="select surface"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Add"/>                 |   |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/>               |   |

Next, create a property set called **stiffener**.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <i>Action:</i>                                     | <input type="text" value="Create"/>    |
| <i>Dimension:</i>                                  | <input type="text" value="1D"/>        |
| <i>Type:</i>                                       | <input type="text" value="Beam"/>      |
| <i>Property Set Name:</i>                          | <input type="text" value="stiffener"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Input Properties..."/> |  |

■ **Use Beam Section**

Click on the following icon to create the beam cross section:



New Section Name:

Click on the following section type icon:



T-Section

W:

H:

t1:

t2:

When done viewing the dimensional specifications, close the form.

Material Name:

Bar Orientation:

Select Members:

10. Create the sinusoidal pressure load called **press**.

◆ **Loads/BCs**

Action:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <i>Object:</i>  | <input type="text" value="Pressure"/>        |
| <i>Type:</i>  | <input type="text" value="Element Uniform"/> |
| <i>New Set Name:</i>  | <input type="text" value="press"/>           |
| <i>Target Element Type:</i>                                 | <input type="text" value="2D"/>              |
| <input type="button" value="Input Data..."/>                |  |
| <i>Top Surface Pressure:</i>                                | <input type="text" value="f:edge_load"/>     |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/>                           |  |
| <input type="button" value="Select Application Region..."/> |  |
| <i>Select Surfaces or Edges:</i>                            | <input type="text" value="select surface"/>  |
| <input type="button" value="Add"/>                          |  |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/>                           |  |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/>                        |  |

11. Change the view of the model to better display the applied pressure.

**Viewing/Angles ...**

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <i>Angle:</i>                         | <input type="text" value="-42, -69, -3"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/>  |   |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |   |

**Display / Load/BC/Elem. Props...**

|  |                                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| <input type="button" value="Vectors/Filters ..."/> |                                  |
| <i>Length:</i>                                     | ◆ Scaled - Screen Relative       |
| <i>Scale Factor:</i>                               | <input type="text" value="0.1"/> |
| ■ Show LBC/El. Prop. Values                        |                                  |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/>               |                                  |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>              |                                  |

## ■ Show on FEM Only

■ Show LBC/El. Prop. Vectors

Apply

Cancel

If the pressure load is not seen on the screen, plot it by doing the following:

Action:

Plot Markers

Assigned Load/BC Sets:

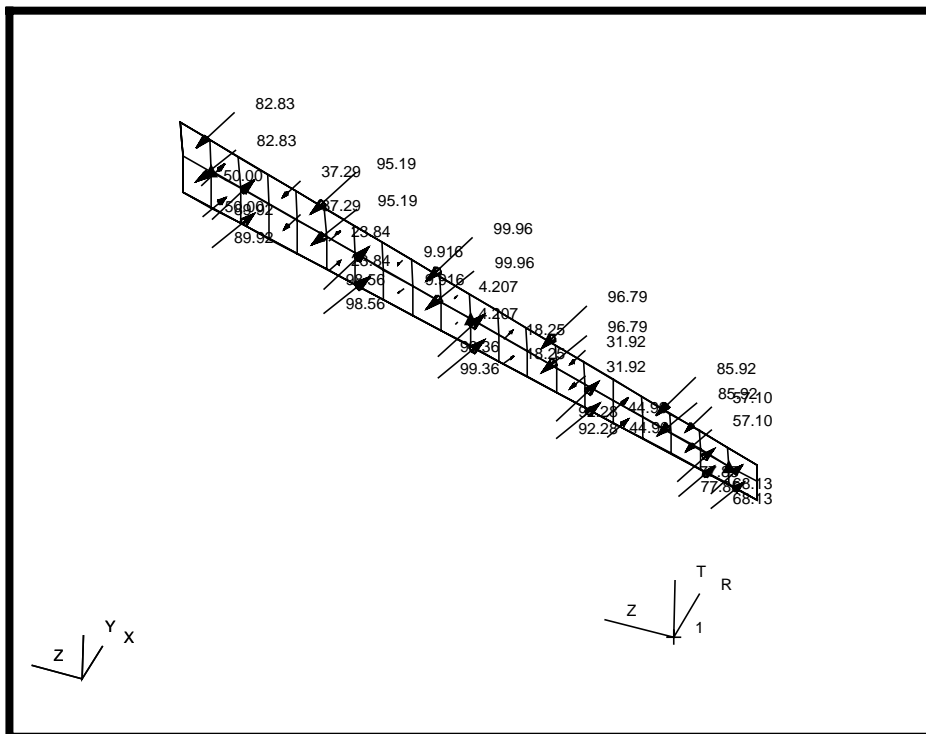
Press\_press

Select Groups:

default\_group

Apply

The following should now be seen:



12. Transform the model by rotating the surface about the cylindrical axis.

Group/Transform ...

Action:

Transform

Method:

Rotate

|                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <i>Properties:</i>                    | <input type="text" value="Transform"/>                 |
| <i>Reference Coord. Frame:</i>        | <input type="text" value="select cyl. coord. system"/> |
| <i>Rotation Angle:</i>                | <input type="text" value="12.0"/>                      |
| <i>Repeat Count:</i>                  | <input type="text" value="14"/>                        |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/>  |  |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |  |

This leaves the screen a little messy, though, with all the loads applied. Clean up the display by doing the following:

#### Display /Loads/BCs/El. Props...

|                                       |                                       |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <i>Loads/BCs:</i>                     | <input type="text" value="Hide All"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/>  |                                       |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |                                       |

13. Equivalence the nodes of the model that you just rotated. .

#### ◆ Finite Elements

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| <i>Action:</i>                       | <input type="text" value="Equivalence"/>    |
| <i>Object:</i>                       | <input type="text" value="All"/>            |
| <i>Method:</i>                       | <input type="text" value="Tolerance Cube"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/> |   |

14. Show the properties of the shell thickness.

#### ◆ Properties

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <i>Action:</i>          | <input type="text" value="Show"/>        |
| <i>Select Property:</i> | <input type="text" value="Thickness"/>   |
| <i>Display Method:</i>  | <input type="text" value="Scalar Plot"/> |
| <i>Select Groups:</i>   |  |

#### ◆ Current Viewport

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**default\_group**

**Apply**

To get a better view of the curvature of the model, select the following toolbar icon:



**Smooth Shaded**

Close the database.

**File/Close...**

This ends the exercise.