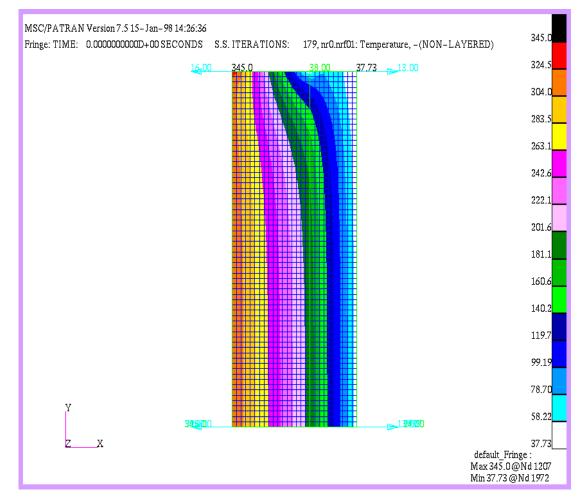
Exercise 7

An Oven Window Design



Objective:

- Model a 2D planar slice of an oven window.
- Learn how to initiate and use **Utilities**.

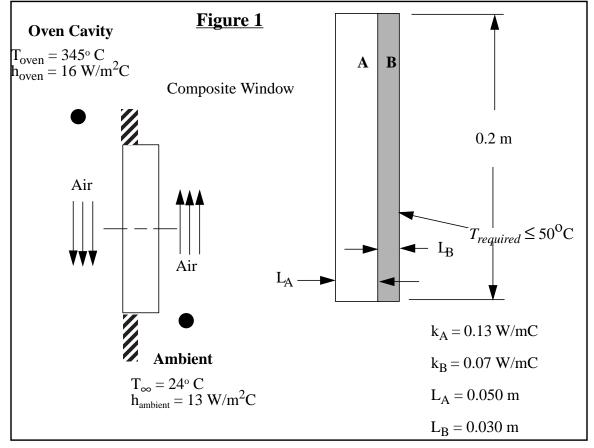
Model Description:

In this exercise you will model a 2D planar section of an oven window. You will learn how to initiate and use **Utilities** which facilitate this task.

A manufacturer of appliances is proposing a self cleaning oven design that uses of a composite window separating the oven cavity from room air. The composite consists of two high temperature plastics (A & B) whose physical and thermal attributes are shown below. The combined convection/linearized radiation heat transfer parameters for inside and outside of the oven are also shown. (Note: Radiation will be linearized and is include in the heat transfer coefficient). The design specification for safe operation requires an outside oven temperature of 50° C or less.

The following assumptions can be made for the model:

- Steady-state conditions exist.
- The oven door can be modeled as a 2-dimensional slice.
- Contact resistance is negligible.
- Each plastic is homogeneous with constant properties.



Information on Utilities:

Utilities refer to a set of tools which facilitate the use of MSC/PATRAN. These tools are supplied with MSC/PATRAN. In version 7.5 they are located on eachCD ROM.

Utilities are written or supplied by MSC software developers, applications engineers, and anyone within MSC who has a good idea for improving MSC/PATRAN functionality. Sometimes **Utilities** are the vehicle for implementing an improvement which for organizational reasons will not be officially implemented within a reasonable release horizon.

Utilities are written in PCL, PATRAN Command Language. Since **Utilities** are developed from the personal initiative of individuals and not as part of the MSC corporate software development strategy, they are not subjected to any formal quality assurance testing. Hence, they are supplied by MSC as a courtesy but they are officially not supported by MSC. Most **Utilities** are supplied with the authors name, an e-mail address, and telephone number. If you have a problem with a **Utilities** tool you may contact the author if ownership data is available. You may report suspected or identified problems with **Utilities** to the MSC/PATRAN support line but no obligation to fix the **Utilities** problem is incurred by MSC. That being said, **Utilities** are generally reliable and quite handy. Most intermediate and advanced user of MSC/PATRAN install and use **Utilities**.

Load the MSC/PATRAN CD in the CD-ROM drive and mount the CD-ROM drive Installation instructions are listed in "Installing PCL Utilities and MSC Institute Files", p. 3-20 of "MSC/PATRAN Installation and Operations Manual".

If the user has installed MSC/PATRAN with the "FULL" install option utilities are loaded automatically. If user selects "CUSTOM" installation, then PCL Utilities must be selected as an option under the MSC/Patran Core Applications.

When loaded (installed) **Utilities** are initiated by copying the **p3epilog.pcl** file from **<P3_HOME path>/shareware/msc/unsupported/utilities** (e.g., /patran/patran3/shareware/msc/unsupported/utilities/p3epilog.pcl), into a users home directory (for user-by-user access) or the **P3_HOME** directory (for a system wide access). Once the **p3epilog.pcl** file is in place **Utilities** is available as a pick on the *Menu Bar*.

Exercise Overview:

- Create a new database named **exercise_07.db.** Set *Approximate Maximum Model Dimension* to **0.20**, and the *Analysis Code* to **MSC/THERMAL**.
- Create two surfaces which define the oven window geometry.
- Mesh the surfaces with an **IsoMesh**, *Global Edge Length* of **0.003**.
- Create two fluid nodes 9998 and 9999 for the oven interior and ambient conditions respectively.
- **Equivalence** the nodes at the mating surface edges.
- Define the two material properties for the plastics.
- Apply element properties to the elements using the defined materials. These are **Thermal 2D** elements.
- Use the <u>Fields</u> Form to define the temperature distribution at the interior pane upper edge.
- Apply temperature and convection boundary conditions.
- Visualize and verify the convection LBC's using Utilities/ Thermal/Thermal BC Display...
- Prepare and submit the model for analysis specifying that it is a 2D Plane Geometry model and that the Weakly Nonlinear Solution solver will be used for analysis.
- Read the results file and plot results.
- Check the results against the requirement of 50° C.
- **Quit** MSC/PATRAN.

Exercise Procedure:

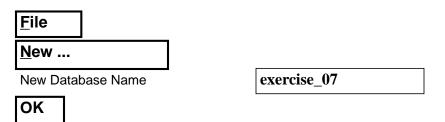
1. Open a new database named **exercise_07.db**.

Within your window environment change directories to a convenient working directory. Run MSC/PATRAN by typing **p3** in your xterm window.

Next, select **File** from the *Menu Bar* and select **New** ... from the drop-down menu. Assign the name **exercise_07.db** to the new database by clicking in the *New Database Name* box and entering **exercise_07**.

Open a new database

Select **OK** to create the new database.



MSC/PATRAN will open a Viewport and change various *Main Form* selections from a ghosted appearance to a bold format. When the <u>New Model</u> <u>Preferences</u> form appears on your screen, set the *Approximate Maximum Model Dimension* to **0.20**, and the *Analysis Code* to **MSC/THERMAL**. Select **OK** to close the <u>New Model Preferences</u> form.

Approximate Maximum Model Dimen- sion:	0.20
Analysis Code	MSC/THERMAL

OK

2. Create two surfaces which define the oven window geometry.

Select the **Geometry** *Applications radio button*. Create a surface using the following *Action*, *Object*, and *Method*. Click in the appropriate list boxes to edit the default values and change them to values listed below.

♦ Geometry	
Create/Surface/XYZ	
Vector Coordinate List	<0.050 0.2 0>
Apply	
the Vector Coordinate List to < 0. List by clicking in the list box an	abel icon. he same Action/Object/Method but change 030 0.2 0>. Modify the Origin Coordinates ad selecting Point 4 from the viewport.
Geometry	
Create/Surface/XYZ	
Auto Execute	
Vector Coordinate List	<0.030 0.2 0>
Origin Coordinates List	<select 4="" from="" point="" viewport=""></select>

Create the oven window surfaces

Apply

The model will appear as shown below.

Exercise 7

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y				
2 <u> </u>				

3. Mesh surfaces with an IsoMesh, global edge length of 0.003.

Select the Finite Elements Applications radio button. Set the Action, *Object*, and *Type* to **Create/Mesh/Surface**. Change the *Global Edge Length* to 0.003 and select both surfaces for inclusion in the Surface List.

Finite Elements Create/Mesh/Surface 0.003 Global Edge Length Surface List Apply Turn off labels using Hide Labels icon.

<drag a rectangle around both surfaces>

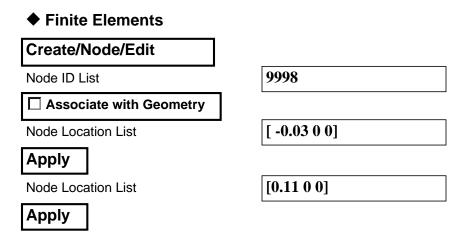


IsoMesh the surfaces

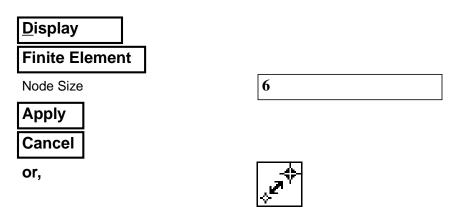
Create an ambient node 4. Create two fluid nodes **9998** and **9999** for the oven interior and ambient conditions respectively.

Using the <u>Finite Elements</u> form create a boundary nodes which are not associated with geometry. The node numbers are **9998** and **9999**. Locate the nodes at [-0.03 0 0] and [0.11 0 0], to the left and right of model.

The spatial location of the boundary nodes is irrelevant to the analysis; but, these locations facilitate display and verification of LBC's.

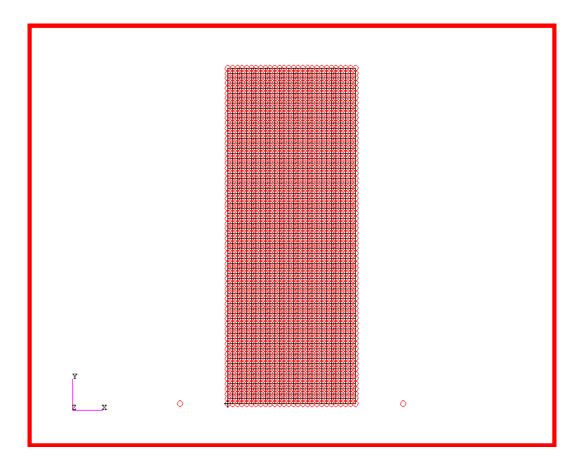


Increase the display size of nodes to facilitate the application of boundary condition. Use either **Display/Finite Elements** or the associated *Toolbar Node Size* icon to change the node size. The model should now appear as shown below.





The display should now appear as shown below.



5. Equivalence the nodes at the mating surface edges.

Using the <u>Finite Elements</u> form set the *Action, Object,* and *Method* to **Equivalence/All/Tolerance Cube** and select **Apply** to eliminate duplicate nodes created at geometric entity edges.

♦ Finite	Elements
Equivale	ence/All/Tolerance Cube
Apply	

Equivalence nodes

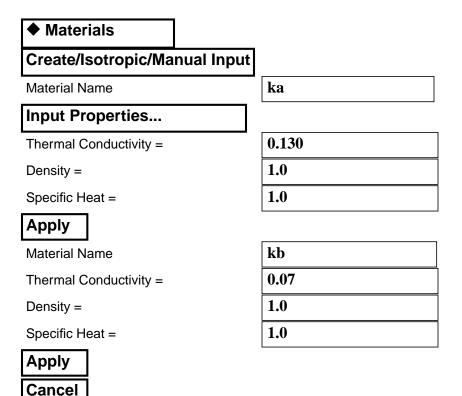
6. Define the two material properties for the plastics.

Since this will be a steady state analysis, thermal conductivity is the only material property used in the solution. Thermal conductivity values are provided in Figure 1; however, the <u>Input Options</u> form also requires data for *Density* and *Specific Heat*. Enter a value of 1.0 in each of these fields

Define two materials

The **Apply** button is selected from within the <u>Input Options</u> form. The form does not close upon hitting **Apply**. This is a convenient, if unintended, feature since one needs only to enter a new material name in *Material Name* and proceed with entering new material data in the <u>Input Options</u> form.

After each **Apply** the new material should appear in the *Existing Materials* list box on the <u>Materials</u> form.

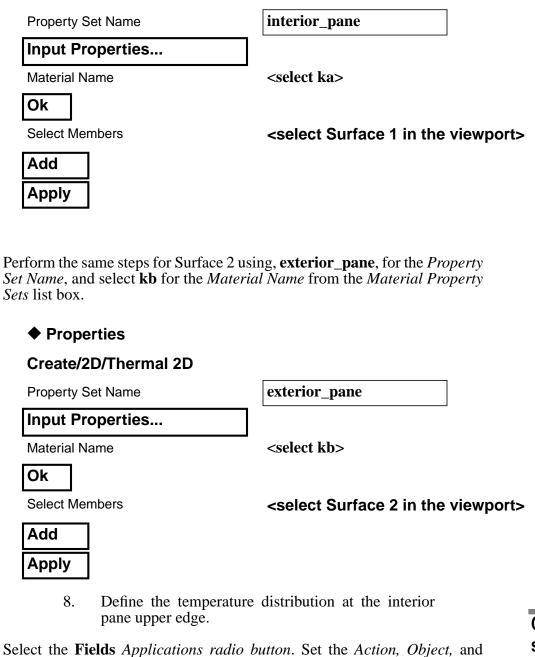


7. Apply element properties to the elements using the defined materials. These are **Thermal 2D** elements.

Select the **Properties** Applications radio button. Set the Action, Dimension, and Type to **Create/2D/Thermal 2D**. Enter Property Set Name **interior_pane**. Select the Input Properties... box. Click in the Material Name box and select **ka** from the Material Property Sets list box. Select **OK** to close the form.Click in the Select Members box and choose Surface 1 from the default viewport. Select **Add** then **Apply** in the <u>Element Properties</u> form to complete the element property definition.

Properties	
Create/2D/Ther	mal 2D

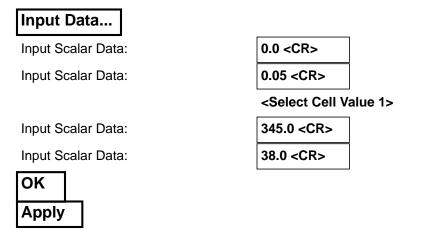
Apply element properties Exercise 7



Method to Create/Spatial/Tabular Input. Enter *Field Name* edge_T. Select *Input Data...* and enter 2 data pairs 0.0, 345.0 and 0.05, 38.0 via the *Input Scalar Data* box. Select OK and Apply to finish the definition.

♦ Fields	
Create/Spatial/Tabular Input	
Field Name:	edge_T

Create a spatial field



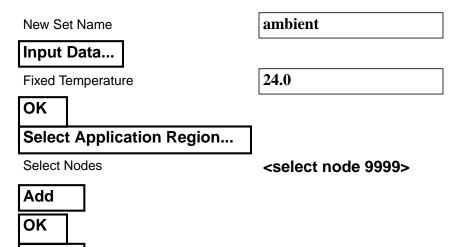
9. Apply temperature and convection boundary conditions.

Begin applying boundary conditions. Select the **Load/BCs** *Applications radio button*. Create a fixed $345^{\circ}C$ nodal boundary temperature named **oven**. In the <u>Input Data</u> form define the fixed temperature. In the <u>Select</u> Applications Region form pick node **9998** located to the left of the window.

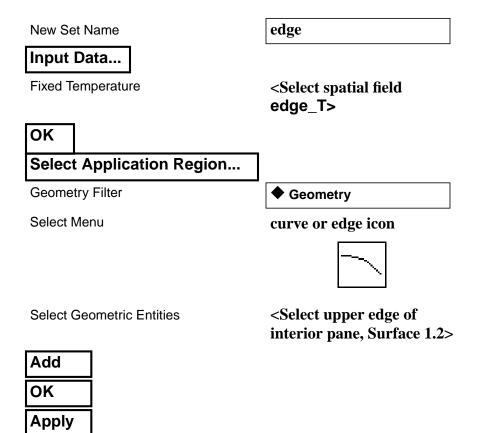
◆ Load/BCs	
Create/Temperature/Nodal	
Option:	Fixed
New Set Name	oven
Input Data	
Fixed Temperature	345.0
ок	
Select Application Region	
Geometry Filter	◆ FEM
Select Nodes	<select 9998="" node=""></select>
Add	
ок	
Apply	

Apply boundary conditions Apply

Repeat the steps for a fixed **24°C** boundary temperature named **ambient**. In the <u>Select Applications Region</u> form pick node **9999** located to the right of the oven window.



Repeat steps for fixed edge temperature distribution using spatial field **edge_T**. Apply the distribution to the upper Geometry edge of the interior pane.



Create the heat transfer coefficient boundary conditions with the Use **Correlations** option, set name **oven_convection**, and a heat transfer coefficient of **16.0** $W/^{o}C-m^{2}$. Apply the boundary condition to the left most oven window surface(edge) as shown in Figure 1 with fluid node **9998**.

¥ Ecad/BOS	
Create/Convection/Element Uniform	
Option:	Use Correlations
New Set Name	oven_convection
Target Element Type	2D
Input Data	

In the Input Data form provide the heat transfer coefficient and fluid node.

Convection Coefficient

Fluid Node ID

I oad/BCs

16.0	
9998	

OK Select Application Region...

In the <u>Select Applications Region</u> form select the left facing surface (edge) of the oven window. Switch to the **Select an Edge** icon in the *Select Menu* form. When selecting the edges the edge chosen will be highlighted.

Geometry Filter

♦Geometry

Select Menu

Geometry

Edge icon

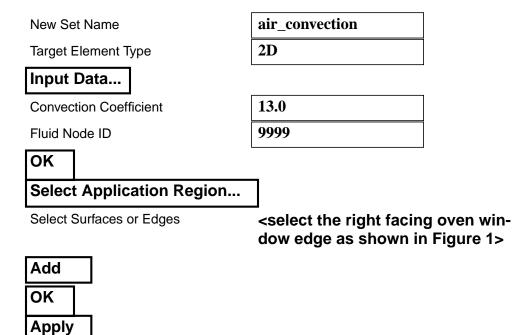
Ø

Select Surfaces or Edges <select the left facing oven window edge as shown in Figure 1>

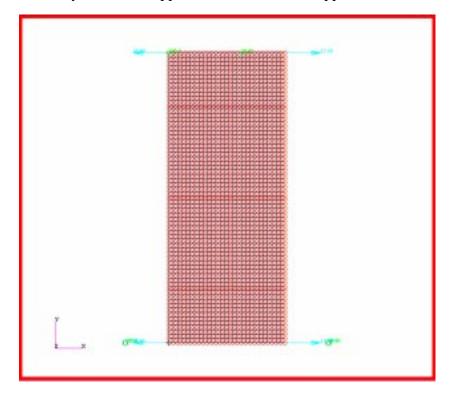




Repeat these steps for a New Set Name **air_convection** with a heat transfer coefficient of **13.0** $W/^{o}C-m^{2}$ applied to the right most oven window surface(edge) as shown in Figure 1 with fluid node **9999**.

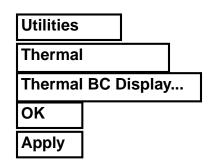


With boundary conditions applied the model should appear as shown below

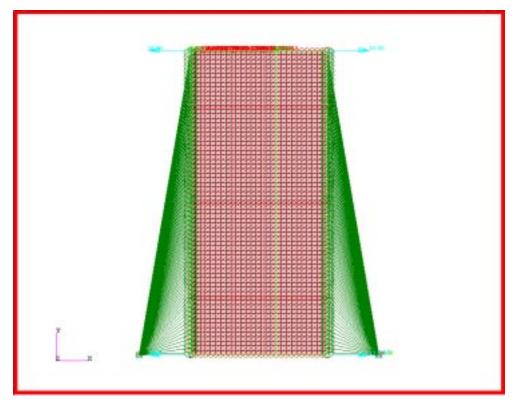


Use Shareware to verify LBC's 10. Visualize and verify the convection LBC's using Utilities/ Thermal Tools/Thermal BC Display...

Shareware contains various utilities for facilitating model creation and LBC's verification. Verify your convective coupling by drawing a vector from the centroid of each element to the associated fluid node using Utilities/ Thermal/Thermal BC Display...



The model should appear as shown below.



Use **Clear** and **Close** in the <u>Thermal BC's</u> form to revert to a normal display.

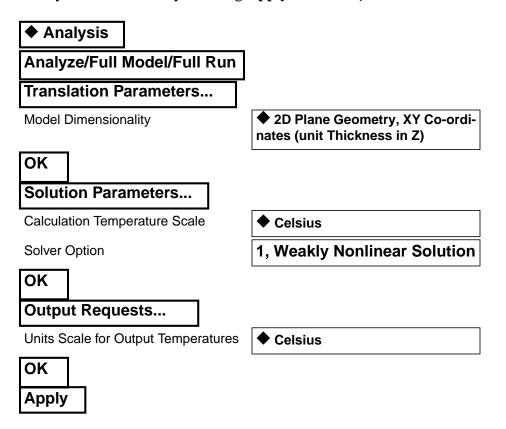


Reduce the node size using the *Node Size* icon.



11. Prepare and submit the model for analysis.

Select the **Analysis** *Applications radio button* to prepare the analysis. Select the parameter forms reviewing and changing the settings as shown below. The analysis is submitted by selecting **Apply** in the <u>Analysis</u> form.



Prepare and

run analysis

12. Read results file and plot results.

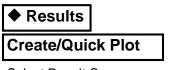
Read and plot results

From within MCS/PATRAN the only indication that the analysis has successfully finished is the existence of an **nrX.nrf.01** results file in a subdirectory one level below your working directory.

P3 was initiated from a working directory which contained the **exercise_07.db** database. Applying the analysis created a new subdirectory with the same name as the *Job Name*; **exercise_07**/. By using **Read Result** in the <u>Analysis</u> form and Selecting **Results File...** you can filter down to the *Job Name* subdirectory and check for the existence of a results file.

♦ Analysis	
Read Results/Result Entities	
Select Results File	
Directories	<path>/exercise_07</path>
Filter	
Available Files	nr0.nrf.01
ОК	
Select Rslt Template File	
Files	pthermal_1_nodal.res_tmpl
ОК	
Apply	

To plot the results to posted FEM use the **Results** *Application radio button*.



Select Result Case

Select Fringe Results

Select the Fringe Attributes icon.

20000477-4,200
300000 (Sec. 9. 7
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300 III III III III III III III III III
83 H W

Display: Label Style... Element Edges

Temperature,

TIME: 0.000000000D+00 S...

Label Format:

Significant figures



Exercise 7

Fixed 4 <use slider bar>

The model should now appear as shown on the front panel of this exercise.

What is the exterior temperature of the oven window? Is it at or below the required maximum of $50^{\circ}C$?

13. **Quit** MSC/PATRAN

To stop MSC/PATRAN select **File** on the *Menu Bar* and select **Quit** from the drop-down menu.

Quit MSC/ Patran