Exercise 16

A Concentric Tube, Counterflow Heat Exchanger



Objective:

- Demonstrate MSC/THERMAL capabilities for gap convection problems.
- Practice basic modeling skills using MSC/PATRAN.

Model Description:

In this exercise you will create a simple 3D model representing a concentric tube, counterflow heat exchanger. Owing to symmetry considerations only one-fourth of the heat exchanger configuration needs to be modeled.

A team of university students is considering a makeshift heat exchanger, to cool and discard gaseous coolant from a small reactor. The heat exchanger is designed to "begin" at the reactor coolant plenum. In the event of an emergency, a safety valve would open to draw the coolant from the plenum into the exchanger (a process which will require approximately 60 seconds to complete). A secondary liquid coolant would then be used to decrease the temperature of the reactor coolant, before the reactor coolant enters an complex filtration process.

The existing reactor coolant system is comprised of steel; and, the material proposed to contain the secondary coolant flow is simple lead. At the junction between the plenum and the heat exchanger, the gaseous fluid would exhibit a high mass flow rate at 350° C; the entry length variation of the convection coefficient between the steel and the gas is expected to follow: $h = 200-13000*z^3 \text{ w/m}^2\text{K}$ (where z is the distance from the plenum). The liquid coolant will flow between the steel coolant tube and its own lead housing, will be fully developed and is expected to exhibit a high convection coefficient ($3000 \text{ w/m}^2\text{K}$).

The students prime concern with the design is the determination of the maximum temperature that the lead tube will exhibit after 60s of use.



Exercise Overview:

- Create a new database named **exercise_16.db**.
- Use the **Create** and **Edit** actions on the <u>Geometry</u> form to constuct a 2D representation of the heat exchanger.
- Mesh the 2D geometry created in the previous step and use Sweep/Element/Extrude to develop he 3D FEM model.
- Create 4 nodes to represent the spatial variation of the convection coefficient of the reactor coolant over the entry length.
- Apply the appropriate Element Properties to the FEM model: Quad4's Steel MID 353; Hex8's Lead MID 21.
- **Crate/Spatial/PCL Function** to define the variation of the convection coefficient of the reactor coolant flow in the streamwise direction.
- Apply a fixed temperature of 350°C to the nodes representing gasous coolant.
- Create 2 **Between Regions** Convection Boundary Condtions.
- Perform a Transient Analysis for 60s assuming a global initial temp of 25oC.
- Prepare and submit the model for analysis.
- Read results file and plot results.
- **Quit** MSC/PATRAN.

Exercise Procedure:

Open a new
database1. Op
Within your working direct

1. Open a new database named **exercise_16.db**.

Within your window environment change directories to a convenient working directory. Run MSC/PATRAN by typing **p3** in your xterm window.

Next, select **File** from the *Top Menu Bar* and select **New...** from the dropdown menu. Assign the name exercise_16.db to the new database by clicking in the *New Database Name* box and entering **exercise_16**. Select **OK** to create the new database.



MSC/PATRAN will open a Viewport and change various *Control Panel* selections from a ghosted appearance to a bold format. When the <u>New</u> <u>Model Preferences</u> form appears on your screen, set the *Approximate Maximum Model Dimension* to **0.07**, and the *Analysis Code* to **MSC/THERMAL**. Select **OK** to close the <u>New Model Preferences</u> form.

Approximate Maximum Model Dimension

Analysis Code

0.07 MSC/THERMAL

OK

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2. Use the **Create** and **Edit** actions on the <u>Geometry</u> form to constuct a 2D representation of the heat exchanger.

Select the **Geometry** *Applications Radio Button*. Create a surface using the following *Action*, *Object*, and *Method*. Click in the appropriate list boxes to edit the default values and change them to values listed below.

| ♦ Geometry | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|-----------------|--|
| Create/Curve/2D Arc/ | Angles | | |
| Radius | | 0.05 | |
| Starting Angle | | 180 | |
| End Angle | | 270 | |
| Apply | | | |
| Radius | | 0.06 | |
| Apply | | | |
| Create/Surface/XYZ | | | |
| Vector Coordinates List | | <-0.07 -0.07 0> | |
| Apply | | | |

Create 2D heat exchanger

Turn on the label by using the Tool Bar Show Label icon.



At any time during this exercise, use the Tool Bar *Refresh graphics* icon to refresh the graphics when necessary.



The resulting model is shown below.



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3. Mesh the surface with quad4 elements. Use the Paver and a global edge length of 0.006.

Mesh the surfaces

Select the **Finite Elements** *Applications Radio Button*. Set the *Action*, *Object*, and *Type* to **Create/Mesh/Surface**. Change the *Global Edge Length* to 0.006 and select Surface 2for inclusion in the *Surface List*.



Use the Tool Bar *Hide Label* icon and *Iso 1 View* to get a clearer view of the graphics. Also, increase the size of the nodes by using the Tool Bar *Node Size* icon so the four boundary nodes will be more visible.





The display should now appear as shown below.

Create ambient nodes

4. Create 4 nodes to effect a spatial variation of the convection coefficient magnitude to represent a developing flow.

Using the <u>Finite Elements</u> form, create 4 boundary nodes which are not associated with geometry. The nodes are numbered **9996 to 9999**. Click in the appropriate list boxes to edit the default values and change them to values listed below.

| Create/Node/Edit |
|-------------------------|
| Node ID List |
| Associate with Geometry |
| Node Location List |
| Apply |
| Node ID List |
| Node Location List |
| Apply |

Node ID List9998Node Location List[0 0 0.12]Apply9999Node ID List9999Node Location List[0 0 0.20]

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Apply

Rotate the display to verify the locations of the new nodes. Using the *Iso 2 View*, the model should appear as shown below.



Revert the display back to the Front View for the next section.



Apply element properties 5. Apply two element properties to the elements using the material property MID's **353 and 21**.

In a typical modelling sequence the Materials *Application radio button* would be the next stop to define a material for application in Element Properties. However, MSC/THERMAL includes a Material Properties Database which contains 970 materials with thermal properties already defined. We will use this database to facilitate the analysis.

Select the **Properties** *Applications radio button*. Set the *Action, Dimension*, and *Method* to **Create/2D/Shell**. Enter *Property Set Name* **Steel**. Select the *Input Properties...* box. In the <u>Input Properties</u> form, click in the *Material Name* box and enter **353**, and thickness of 0.005m. Select **OK** to close the form. First, select 2D element from the <u>Select Menu</u> Form. Click in the *Select Members* box and drag a rectangle around the model in the viewport. Select **Add** then **Apply** in the <u>Element Properties</u> form to complete the element property definition.

| Properties | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Create/2D/Shell |] |
| Property Set Name | Steel |
| Input Properties |] |
| Material Name | 353 |
| Shell Corner Thickness | 0.005 |
| Ok | |
| Select Members/Select Menu | <2D <i>Element</i> icon, second from top> |
| Select Members | <pre><select (elm="" 1316:1575)="" all="" entities,=""></select></pre> |
| Add Apply | |

Perform the same steps for outer lead portion, using *Action*, *Dimension*, and*Method* to **Create/3D/Thermal 3D Solid**, **Lead** for the *Property Set Name*, **21** for the *Material Name*.







Select Members

<select all entities, (Elm 76:1315)>



Create/Spatial/PCL Function to define the 6. variation of the convection coefficient of the reactor coolant flow in the stream direction.

Create Function





The XY Result Window and Table should appear as shown below.

Close the window and table by clicking on the Unpost Current XYWindow.



7. Apply a fixed temperature of 350°C to the nodes representing gasous coolant.

Begin applying boundary conditions. Select the **Load/BCs** *Applications Radio Button*. Create a fixed **350°C** nodal boundary temperature named **interior_flow**. In the <u>Input Data</u> form define the fixed temperature. In the <u>Select Applications Region</u> form pick **Node 9996 to 9999** located in the upper right corner of the display screen.



Apply boundary conditions



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Create a between regions convection flow named **inner_flow** with the data show as follow.

| Create/Convection/Element Uniform | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Option: | Between Regions |
| New Set Name | inner_flow |
| Target Element Type: | 2D |
| Region 2: | Nodal |
| Input Data | |
| Convection Coefficient | <pre><select box="" convection_f_of_z="" fleids="" in="" spatial="" the=""></select></pre> |
| ОК | |
| Select Application Region |] |
| Geometry Filter | ↓ ◆ FEM |
| Order: | Closest Approach |
| Select 2D Elements or Edges | <select (elm<br="" all="" entities,="">1211:1470)></select> |
| Add | |
| Application Region | <select bottom="" one="" the=""> Active List </select> |
| Select Nodes | <select 9996="" 9999="" in<br="" node="" to="">the upper right corner of the display.></select> |
| Add | |
| ок | |

Apply

A blue line should verify the newly defined association.

Before creating the next convection condition, make sure that the polygon picking preference is set at Enclose entire entity.

| Preference | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Picking | |
| Rectangle/Polygon Picking | |

◆Enclose entire entity

Now, construct the next Between Regions Convection condition called **outer_flow** as follow.

Create/Convection/Element Uniform

Option:

Close

New Set Name

Target Element Type:

Region 2:

Input Data...

Convection Coefficient

3000

3D

2D

OK

Select Application Region...

Geometry Filter

Order:

Application Region

Select 3D Element Faces

♦ FEM

Closest Approach

Between Regions

outer_flow

<select the top one>

Active List

<Use the <CNTL> key and the left mouse button to create a polygon selecting only those lead element which contact the outer fluid flow>

Add

Application Region

<select the bottom one>

Active List

1211:1470).>

<select all entities, (Elm

Select 2D Elements or Edges

Add OK Apply

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The display should now appear as shown below.



8. Prepare and submit the model for analysis.

Select the **Analysis** *Applications Radio Button* to prepare the analysis. Select the parameter forms reviewing and changing the settings as shown below. The analysis is submitted by selecting **Apply** in the <u>Analysis</u> form.



Prepare and run analysis

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When the *Heartbeat* returns to green open a UNIX shell to monitor the progress of your job. Recall that the tools for monitoring your job are as follows:

- 1) cd to change the current directory to the Job Name subdirectory,
- 2) tail f patq.msg.01 to monitor the generation of the input deck,
- 3) qstat l to link the status file from each time step together and,
- 4) qstat c to monitor the solver progress.

9. Read results file and plot results.

From within MCS/PATRAN the only indication that the analysis has successfully finished is the existence of an **nrX.nrf.01** results file in a subdirectory one level below your working directory.

P3 was initiated from a working directory which contained the **exercise_16.db** database. Applying the analysis created a new subdirectory with the same name as the *Job Name*; **exercise_016**/. By using **Read Result** in the <u>Analysis</u> form and Selecting **Results File...** you can filter down to the *Job Name* subdirectory and check for the existence of a results file.



Change the display to the Iso 1 View, reduce the node size, and remove the BC vectors by using the Tool Bar *Iso 1 View, Node Size, Reset graphics,* and then *Refresh graphic* icons.



To plot the results to posted FEM use the **Results** Application radio button.



Read and plot

results

Select the Fringe Attributes icon.

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|--------------|
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| 83104T |
| |
| |

| Display: | Element Edges |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Label Style | |
| Label Format: | Fixed |
| Significant figures | 4 <use bar="" slider=""></use> |
| ОК | |
| Apply | |

The model should now appear as shown on the front panel of this exercise.

10. Quit MSC/PATRAN

Quit MSC/ Patran

To stop MSC/PATRAN select File on the Top Menu Bar and select Quit from the drop-down menu.